## D. 2 Switches and push-buttons

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Residential enclosures


Manual motor starters

Moulded case circuit breakers

Air circuit breakers


## Function

Manual control of all kinds of electrical devices.

## Approval



## Switches and Push-buttons

## Applications



Switching of lighting and heating in homes, shops, offices, warehouses, factories, hospitals, etc.

## Features

Wide range with respect to available contact combinations and switching capacity. Mains disconnect switches and switches with change-over contact and off position available.
Compact (4-pole in 1 module) with high switching capacity due to double interruption per path.
All switches are sealable through padlock or by means of a lock. The terminals are equipped with captive Pozidriv screws and have IP20 protection degree.
Mains disconnect switches accepts auxiliary contacts H .
Standards

|  |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Switches 16/32A | BS EN 60669-1 |
|  | VDE 0632 Part 1 |
| Mains disconnect switches 40-100 | BS EN 60947-3 |
|  | VDE 0632 Part 101 |

Performance

|  | Mains disconnect | Switches |  | Push-buttons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal rated current | 40-63-100A | 16A | $32 A$ | $16 A$ |
| Usable as mains disconnect switch | yes | no |  | no |
| Impulse withstand voltage | 8kV | - |  | - |
| Utilization category | AC-22A | - |  | - |
| Nominal voltage single pole devices | 240/415V | 240 V |  | 240 V |
| Nominal voltage multipole devices | 240/415V | 415 V |  | - |
| Maximum allowed current during less than 1 s . | 2 kA | - |  | - |
| Mechanical service life (complete on-off-cycle) | $>10000$ | >20000 |  | >20000 |
| Electrical service life, $\cos \varphi=0.95$, Un and In | $>1500$ | >20000 | >5000 | >20000 |
| Short-circuit resistance with upfront fuses | 16kA (nominal) | 4.5 kA (nominal) |  | 4.5kA (nominal) |
| Protection degree | IP20 | IP20 |  | IP20 |
| Screws | Pozidriv 2 | Pozidriv 1 |  | Pozidriv 1 |
| Terminal capacity: min | $1 \times 6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  | $1 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| max | $1 \times 50 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  | $1 \times 10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |

Switches and Push-buttons



## Indication lamp

## Function

Status visualisation.

## Applications



Mainly used to visualise the status of a (sub)part of the installation, heater, motor, fan, pump etc.

## Features

Available in different voltages and with different coloured lenses.

## Performance

| Nominal voltage | 12V | 24V | 230 V |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Own consumption | 120 mA | 85 mA | 2.2 mA |
| Lamp | Incandescent lamp | Incandescent lamp | Neon lamp |
| Lens colours | Red, green, orange and transparent | Red, green, orange and transparent | Red, green, orange and transparent |
| Protection degree | IP20 | IP20 | IP20 |
| Screws | Pozidriv 1 | Pozidriv 1 | Pozidriv 1 |
| Terminal capacity: min | $1 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| max | $1 \times 10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} / 2 \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} / 2 \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2} / 2 \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |

## Indication lamp Order codes

|  |  | Nominal operating voltage | Colour | Number of modules | Cat. No. | Ref. No. | Pack. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Lampholder <br> Lamp | - - | - | 1 | VL1 | 666881 | 12 |
|  |  | 12 V | - | - | AST B12 | 666340 | 12 |
|  |  | 24 V | - | - | AST B24 | 666342 | 12 |
|  |  | 230 V | - | - | AST B230 | 666341 | 12 |
|  | Lamp LED E10 | $235 \mathrm{~V} \sim 1=$ | Green | - | AST LG 230V | 666876 | 10 |
|  |  | $235 \mathrm{~V} \sim /=$ | Amber | - | AST LA 230V | 666874 | 10 |
|  | $\stackrel{1}{\mid}_{\left.\right\|_{2} ^{\prime}}^{\prime}$ | $235 \mathrm{~V} \sim 1=$ | Red | - | AST LR 230 V | 666877 | 10 |
|  |  | $235 \mathrm{~V} \sim 1=$ | Blue | - | AST LB 230 V | 666875 | 10 |
|  |  | $235 \mathrm{~V} \sim 1=$ | White | - | AST LW 230V | 666878 | 10 |
|  | Lens | - | Transparent | - | AST LCL | 666343 | 12 |
|  |  | - | Green | - | ASTLGN | 666344 | 12 |
|  |  | - | Orange | - | AST L OR | 666345 | 12 |
|  |  | - | Red | - | AST L RD | 666346 | 12 |

## Dimensions




## Socket-outlet

## Standards

BS EN C61112-1, NF C61-303 (86), IEC 60884-1

Approval


## Performance

| Nominal current | 16 A |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal voltage | 250 V |  |  |
| Operating temperature | $-20 \ldots+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
| Protection degree | IP 20 |  |  |
| Screws | Pozidriv 2 |  |  |
| Terminal capacity: $\min$ | $1 \times 1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  | $1 \times 6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |

## Socket-outlet Order codes



## Dimensions




## Function

Contactors are electromechanically controlled switches used to control single or multi-phase (high) power loads while the control itself can be (very) low power.

## Contactors

## Applications

血風


Switching of lighting, heating-equipment, motors for pumps and fans, ... Day and night contactors are used mainly in combination with dual-tariff applications to allow high-energy-loads (i.e. electrical water heaters, accumulation heaters) only to consume energy during the low-tariff period. A forced-on, forced-off, auto-switch allows to overrule the normal operation of the DN-contactor at all times.

## Features

Except for the 20A version, all contactors have DC coils, resulting in an absolutely noise-free, real silent operation: 50 or 60 Hz noise generation by the contactor is impossible. As all DC coil contactors have an internal diode rectifier bridge, they all can be operated by both DC and AC power supplies. The built-in varistor protects the coil against an overvoltage of up to 5 kV . The switch position of the contactor is visualised through an indicator flag. The loss-proof safety terminals are equipped with Pozidriv screws and have IP20 protection degree. Add-on auxiliary contacts as well as spacers and sealing pieces are available.

## Standards

IEC 60947-4-1, BS EN 60947-4-1, IEC 61095, BS EN 61095. Approval VDE

## Performance

| Rated switching capacity | 20A | 24A | 40A | 63A |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated insulation voltage | 400 V | 500 V | 500 V | 500V |
| Rated operational voltage | 250 V | 440 V | 440 V | 440 V |
| Switching-on capacity |  |  |  |  |
| $\cos \varphi=0.95$ at 220-230V 1phase | 100A | - | - | - |
| Switching-off capacity |  |  |  |  |
| $\cos \varphi=0.95$ at 220-230V 1phase | 80A | - | - | - |
| Fuse type GL for short-circuit protection | 20A | 35A | 63A | 80A |
| Ohmic loss per contact at In | 1.0W | 1.5 W | 3.0W | 6.0W |
| Maximum switching frequency AC1 / AC7a | 300/h | 300/h | 300/h | 300/h |
| Maximum switching frequency AC3 / AC7b | 600/h | 600/h | 600/h | 600/h |
| Mechanical service life | $10^{6}$ | $10^{6}$ | $10^{6}$ | $10^{6}$ |
| Electrical service life AC1 / AC7a | 150000 | 150000 | 150000 | 150000 |
| Electrical service life AC3 / AC7b | 150000 | 500000 | 170000 | 240000 |
| Screws | Pozidriv 1 | Pozidriv 1 | Pozidriv 2 | Pozidriv 2 |
| Terminal capacity: min | $1 \times 1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 1.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| max | $1 \times 10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $2 \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $2 \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $2 \times 10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 25 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $2 \times 10 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Magnetic control system |  |  |  |  |
| Control voltage range | 85 ... 110\%xUn | 85 ... 110\%xUn | 85 ... 110\%xUn | 85 ... 110\%xUn |
| Rated operating frequency | 50 or 60 Hz | DC, $40 \ldots 450 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | DC, $40 \ldots 450 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | DC, $40 \ldots 450 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Operating temperature range | $-25 \ldots+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}^{(1)}$ | $-25 \ldots+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}^{(1)}$ | $-25 \ldots+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}^{(1)}$ | $-25 \ldots+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}^{(1)}$ |
| Maximum pull-in coil power loss | 8.0VA / 5.0W | 4VA / 4W | 5VA / 5W | 65VA / 65W |
| Maximum holding coil power loss | 3.2VA / 1.2W | 4VA / 4W | 5VA / 5W | 4.2VA / 4.2W |
| Switching-on delay | $9 \ldots 12 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $<40 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $<40 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $<40 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| Switching-off delay | $10 . . .12 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $<40 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $<40 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $<40 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| Screws | Pozidriv 1 | Pozidriv 1 | Pozidriv 1 | Pozidriv 1 |
| Terminal capacity: min | $1 \times 1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| max | $1 \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $2 \mathrm{x} 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |

(1) Remark: If several contactors are mounted next to each-other and the time of operation exceeds 1 hour and the ambient temperature rises above $40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, a $1 / 2$-module spacer must be added every second contactor (l.e. contactor contactor spacer contactor contactor spacer contactor contactor etc.)

## Contactors



## Contactors




## Function

Relays are electromechanically controlled switches used to control low power loads.

## Marking

## C

## Relays

## Applications



- Switching of lighting, heating, etc
- Galvanic insulation of i.e. status signalisation lamps from a (high) power (high voltage) circuit.
- Galvanic insulation of PLC-inputs or outputs to avoid destruction through excessive voltage.


## Features

- The switch position is visualised by the position of the front handle.
- The safety terminals are equipped with captive Pozidriv screws and have IP20 protection degree.
- Add-on auxiliary contacts available.
- Because of the advanced product design, no spacers are needed.
- Increased safety: sealing caps for both coil and terminal are available.


## Standard

EN 60947-4-1

Terminal identification


## Relays



## Dimensions



Relays: Performance

(1) $D C$ supply voltage $=A C$ supply voltage $\times D C / A C$ ratio, except for 8 VAC and 115 V AC (48VDC)
(2) 1 cycle $=2$ operations per pole (closing + opening)

Impulse switches and relays: maximum lamp loads

| Lamps type | Lamp Watts <br> Power consumption | Relays VFR+ | Impulse switches VFS+ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Incandescent lamps |  |  |  |
| Max. load 230V AC |  | 1800W | 3000W |
| Max. number of lamps | 15W | 120 | 200 |
|  | 25W | 72 | 120 |
|  | 40W | 45 | 75 |
|  | 60W | 30 | 50 |
|  | 75W | 24 | 40 |
|  | 100W | 18 | 30 |
|  | 150W | 12 | 20 |
|  | 200W | 9 | 15 |
|  | 300W | 6 | 9 |
|  | 500W | 3 | 5 |
| Fluor lamp PF uncorrected |  |  |  |
| Max. load 230V AC |  | 900W | 1800W |
| Max. number of lamps | 18W | 50 | 81 |
|  | 36W | 25 | 44 |
|  | 40W | 23 | 38 |
|  | 58W | 16 | 29 |
|  | 65W | 13 | 26 |
| Fluor twin lamps |  |  |  |
| Max. load 230V AC |  | 1800W | 3000 W |
| Max. number of lamps | $2 \times 18 \mathrm{~W}$ | 50 | 78 |
|  | $2 \times 36 \mathrm{~W}$ | 25 | 38 |
|  | $2 \times 40 \mathrm{~W}$ | 23 | 35 |
|  | $2 \times 58 \mathrm{~W}$ | 16 | 23 |
|  | $2 \times 65 \mathrm{~W}$ | 13 | 22 |
| Fluor lamp parallel compensation |  |  |  |
| Max. load 230V AC |  | 500W | 2500W |
| Max. number of lamps | 18W | 17 | 103 |
|  | 36W | 13 | 55 |
|  | 40W | 12 | 50 |
|  | 58W | 8 | 34 |
|  | 65W | 7 | 30 |
| Halogen 230V |  |  |  |
| Max. load 230VAC |  | 1800W | 3000W |
| Max. number of lamps | 150W | 12 | 20 |
|  | 250W | 7 | 12 |
|  | 300W | 6 | 10 |
|  | 400W | 4 | 7 |
|  | 500W | 3 | 6 |
|  | 1000W | 2 | 3 |
| HP sodium vapour |  |  |  |
| Max. load 230VAC |  | 800W | 1200W |
| Max. number of lamps | 70W | 10 | 15 |
|  | 150W | 5 | 8 |
|  | 250W | 3 | 4 |
|  | 400W | 2 | 3 |
|  | 1000W | - | 1 |
| LP sodium vapour |  |  |  |
| Max. load 230V AC |  | 400W | 1400W |
| Max. number of lamps | 55W | 6 | 27 |
|  | 90W | 4 | 16 |
|  | 135W | 3 | 11 |
|  | 180W | 2 | 8 |
|  | 185W | 2 | 8 |
| HP mercury vapour |  |  |  |
| Max. load 230V AC |  | 800W | 1200W |
| Max. number of lamps | 50W | 16 | 19 |
|  | 80W | 10 | 15 |
|  | 125W | 7 | 9 |
|  | 250W | 3 | 4 |
|  | 400W | 2 | 3 |
|  | 1000W | - | 1 |
| VLV halogen |  |  |  |
| Max. load 230VAC |  | 1500W | 2300W |
| Max. number of lamps | 20W | 72 | 116 |
|  | 50W | 29 | 46 |
|  | 75W | 20 | 31 |
|  | 100W | 15 | 24 |
|  | 150W | 10 | 15 |
|  | 200W | 7 | 12 |
|  | 300W | 5 | 7 |
| Electronic reactor |  |  |  |
| Max. load 230VAC |  | 1000W | 1600W |
| Max. number of lamps | $1 \times 18 \mathrm{~W}$ | 38 | 83 |
|  | $1 \times 36 \mathrm{~W}$ | 30 | 46 |
|  | $1 \times 58 \mathrm{~W}$ | 17 | 31 |
|  | $2 \times 18 \mathrm{~W}$ | 19 | 40 |
|  | $2 \times 36 \mathrm{~W}$ | 15 | 23 |
|  | $2 \times 58 \mathrm{~W}$ | 8 | 14 |



## Standards

IEC 60669-1, IEC 60669-2-2

## Marking

## Impulse switches

## Function

Impulse switches are electromechanically controlled switches used to control single- or multi-phase medium-power loads while the control itself can be (very) low power. The device switches between 2 stable positions, each time a (brief) impulse energises its control circuit.

## Applications



Mainly used for the switching of lighting and heating equipment and/ or to obtain a simplified wiring in case the load needs to be controlled at reduced voltage and/or from more than 2 different places.

## Features

- Besides the normal operation through electrically energising the coil, manual operation is possible at all times, except series VSF+2016.
- The switch position is visualised by the position of the front handle for all devices, except series VSF+2016.
- The central command version was developed to force several devices at the same time to the on or off position,
independently of the current status of each individual device. Also in this case, the possibility of operating the device locally remains.
- The safety terminals are equipped with captive Pozidriv screws and have IP20 protection degree.
- An add-on auxiliary contact, and a spacer are available.
- The use of a large number of luminous push-buttons is possible.

For the table Impulse switches maximum lamp loads, see page D. 11

Impulse switches


Impulse switches: Performance

| Rated current (acc. to IEC 669-2-3) |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { VFS+10... } \\ & \text { VFS+11... } \\ & \text { VFS+20... } \end{aligned}$ | VFS+S20... | $\begin{aligned} & \text { VFS+Z10... } \\ & \text { VFS }+Z 20 \ldots \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 250VAC (1 \& 2 pole) / 400V AC (3 \& 4 pole) | A | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| Direct Current (at 30VDC) | A | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| Number of poles |  | $1 \rightarrow 4$ | 2 | $1 \rightarrow 3$ |
| Contacts NO |  | $1 \rightarrow 4$ | 2 | $1 \rightarrow 3$ |
| Changeover ("m") |  | $1 \rightarrow 4$ | - | $1 \rightarrow 3$ |
| $\mathrm{NO}+\mathrm{NC}$ |  | $1+1 / 2+2$ | - | - |
| Width (in 17.8 mm DIN modules) |  |  |  |  |
| 1 P | Mod. | 1 | - | 1 |
| 2 P | Mod. | 1 | 1 | 11/2 |
| 3 P | Mod. | 2 | - | 2 |
| 4 P | Mod. | 2 | - | - |
| Coil specifications |  |  |  |  |
| Supply voltage: DC/AC ratio ${ }^{(1)}$ |  | $0.5 / 1$ | 0.5 / 1 | $0.5 / 1$ |
| Supply voltage range (in \% of Un) | \% | 90-110 | 90-110 | 90-110 |
| Coil pick-up power (AC) 1P \& 2P | VA | 14.5 | 14.5 | 14.5 |
| 3P \& 4P | VA | 14.5 | - | 16.0 |
| Coil power loss - AC 1P \& 2P | VA | 11.0 | 11.0 | 11.0 |
| 3P \& 4P | VA | 11.0 | - | 11.0 |
| Coil power loss - DC 1P \& 2P | W | 7.5 | 7.5 | 12.5 |
| 3P \& 4P | W | 7.5 | - | 14.5 |
| Maximum coil holding voltage time |  | (2) | (2) | (2) |
| Impulse times |  |  |  |  |
| Minimum impulse time (under Un) | sec. | 0.050 | 0.050 | 0.100 |
| Minimum impulse time (90\% Un) | sec. | 0.100 | 0.100 | 0.100 |
| Minimum time between impulses | sec. | 0.150 | 0.150 | 0.150 |
| Maximum number of impulses per mn |  | 250 | 250 | 250 |
| Lifetime (in number of operations) ${ }^{(3)}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical (in AC-1 - At full load) ${ }^{(4)}$ |  | $4 \times 10^{5}$ | $3 \times 10^{5}$ | $4 \times 10^{5}$ |
| Mechanical |  | $2 \times 10^{6}$ | $2 \times 10^{6}$ | $2 \times 10^{6}$ |
| Load specifications |  |  |  |  |
| Maximum load AC-1 per phase | A | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| Maximum load DC (30V DC) | A | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| Minimum load per phase (under 5V) | W | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Short-circuit fuse protection | A | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| Maximum lamp load ( $10^{3}$ operations/h) |  |  |  |  |
| Incandescence \& halogen (40 to 200 W lamps) | W | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 |
| Fluorescence, compensated ( $\cos \varphi=0.9)$ |  |  |  |  |
| Serial compensation | VA | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 |
| Parallel compensation | VA | 2,500 | 2,500 | 2,500 |
| Fluorescence, non compensated ( $\cos \varphi=0.5)$ | VA | 1,800 | 1,800 | 1,800 |
| Maximum number of push-buttons |  |  |  |  |
| Non illuminated push-buttons |  | unlimited | unlimited | unlimited |
| Luminous push-buttons (0.6mA) |  |  |  |  |
| 4 terminals |  | unlimited | unlimited | unlimited |
| 3 terminals Without compensator |  | 8 | 8 | 8 |
| 1 compensator |  | 18 | 18 | 27 |
| 2 compensators |  | 45 | 45 | 43 |
| General specifications |  |  |  |  |
| Power contact add-on |  | yes | no | no |
| Auxiliary contact add-on (PLS / CTX R) |  | yes | no | yes |
| Need for spacer ${ }^{(2)}$ |  | yes | yes | yes |
| DIN rail mounting |  | yes | yes | yes |
| 2-position DIN rail lock |  | yes | yes | yes |
| 2-position handle |  | yes | no | yes |
| Indicator of contact position |  | yes | yes | yes |
| Clamping terminals |  | yes | yes | yes |
| Unlosable screws |  | yes | yes | yes |
| Sealable terminals (coil and load) |  | yes | yes | yes |
| Cable cross section ( $\varnothing$ min/max) Coil | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $1.5 / 10$ | $1.5 / 10$ | $1.5 / 10$ |
| Load 1P-3P \& 4P | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $1.5 / 10$ | $1.5 / 10$ | $1.5 / 10$ |
| Load 2P | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $1.5 / 10$ | $1.5 / 10$ | 1.5 / 6 |
| Maximum torque on terminals | Nm | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Ambient temperature at installation point (min./max.) | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-20 /+45$ | $-20 /+45$ | $-20 /+45$ |

(1) For all impulse relays, $D C$ supply voltage $=A C$ supply voltage $\times D C / A C$ ratio, except for $8 V A C$
(2) Whenever the normal use of the impulse relay integrates a permanent coil working, use of a spacer is required on both sides.

Make sure that the duty factor allows the device to come back to the ambient temperature
(3) 1 cycle $=2$ operations per pole (closing + opening)

Terminal capacity - Impulse switches


## Step by step multi circuit



All-in central command


Add-on power contact


Add-on auxiliary contact

| 14 |
| :--- |
| 22 |
| 14222 |
| 13 |
| 21 |
| 13 |
| 1 NO 1 NC |

Impulse switches

AII-in central command Add-on auxiliary contact


## Step by step multi circuit




## Standard / Marking

EN 60669-2-3 (C

## Performance

## Staircase switches

## Applications



Lighting or ventilation of staircases, basements, halls, etc.

## Features

- Designed for a real 3.500 W switching capacity.
- User adjustable time.
- Electromechanical contact and electronic timer with manual override off or on possible at all time for VTR4.
- 3 or 4 wire wiring possible.
- Device for pre-extinction warning adjustable from 20 to 40 sec only for incandescence sources.
- Safety terminals equipped with captive Pozidriv screws and IP20 protection degree.
- Anti vandalisme: resistant to blocked push-buttons.


## Function

Push-button operated single-shot timer, switching the power to the load after the push-button has been pushed briefly, and switching off again after the presetted time has elapsed.
Energy saving: the VTR5 is especially developed to switch off during the preset time when the staircase switch receives a new impulse.

|  |  | VTR5 | VTR4 | VTRHL |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated current (acc. IEC 669-2-3) | A | 16 | 16 | 16 |
| Width (in number of DIN-modules) |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Contacts NO |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Time range 1 function |  | $1 \mathrm{mn} / 20 \mathrm{mn}$ | 30s / 15mn | 20s / 40s |
| Supply voltage $230 \mathrm{~V}-50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |  | yes | yes | yes |
| 24VAC / 24VDC |  | on request | on request | on request |
| Supply voltage range (in \% of Un) | \% | 90-110 | 90-110 | 90-110 |
| Rated power consumption |  |  |  |  |
| Closed circuit current 230V | VA | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| Working current (ignition \& running) 230V | VA | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.0 |
| Light types |  |  |  |  |
| Incandescent lamps |  | yes | yes | yes |
| Fluorescent lamps |  | yes | yes | no |
| Switching capacity |  |  |  |  |
| AC-5b Incandescent lamps (40 to 200 W lamps) | W | 3,500 | 3,500 | 3,500 |
| Fluorescence compensated ( $\cos \varphi=0.9)$ |  |  |  |  |
| Serial compensation | W | 3,500 | 3,500 | n/a |
| Parallel compensation | VA | 2,500 | 2,500 | n/a |
| Lifetime (in number of operations) ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical (AC-1) at 1,200W |  | $2 \times 10^{6}$ | $2 \times 10^{6}$ | $2 \times 10^{6}$ |
| at full load |  | $1 \times 10^{6}$ | $3 \times 10^{5}$ | $3 \times 10^{5}$ |
| Mechanical |  | $1 \times 10^{7}$ | $1 \times 10^{7}$ | $1 \times 10^{7}$ |
| Max. number of push-buttons |  |  |  |  |
| Non illuminated push-buttons |  | unlimited | unlimited | unlimited |
| Luminous push-buttons (0.6mA): |  |  |  |  |
| 4 terminals |  | unlimited | unlimited | unlimited |
| 3 terminals Without compensator |  | 39 | 83 | 83 |
| 1 compensator ( $2 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ) |  | 45 | 300 | 300 |
| 2 compensators ( $2 \times 2 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ) |  | 59 | 600 | 600 |
| General specifications |  |  |  |  |
| DIN rail mounting |  | yes | yes | yes |
| Silent operations |  | yes | yes | yes |
| Setting accuracy - Full range | \% | +/-15 | +/-15 | +/-15 |
| 3-wire and 4-wire installation |  | yes | yes | yes |
| Resistent to blocked push-buttons |  | yes | yes | yes |
| Continuously adjustable time-lag |  | yes | yes | yes |
| Manual switching (number of positions) |  | 2 | 3 | - |
| Front switch-off lever |  | yes | yes | - |
| Clamping screw terminals, unlosable screws |  | yes | yes | yes |
| Cable cross section ( $\varnothing$ min/max) Coil | mm² | $1.5 / 10$ | $1.5 / 10$ | $1.5 / 10$ |
| Load | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $1.5 / 10$ | 1.5/10 | $1.5 / 10$ |
| Maximum torque on terminals | $\mathrm{N} \times \mathrm{m}$ | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Ambient temperature at installation point (min./max.) | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-20 /+45$ | $-20 /+45$ | $-20 /+45$ |

[^0]
## Staircase switches

| $\bullet *$ | Staircase switch | Nominal current | Contact combination | Coil voltage AC | Coil voltage DC | Number of modules | Cat. No. | Ref. No. | Pack. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 16 | 1NO | 230 | - | 1 | VTR 4 | 686031 | 12 |
|  |  | $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Dimmer for staircase switch | 16 | 3500W | 230 | - | 1 | VTRHL | 686033 | 12 |
| ** |  | To be used only in combination with the staircase switch. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ** | Time-delay impulse relay | 16 | 1NO | 230 | - | 1 | VTR 5 | 686252 | 12 |
|  |  | S 1 <br> S 2 <br> L |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Terminal identification

Staircase switch Time-delay impulse relay

Dimmer for staircase switch

| A1 | A2 |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| 1 |  |




## Dimensional drawings




## Function

Conditioning of incoming source to exact predictable output.

## Standard / Marking

IEC 60669-2-3 CE

## Time relays

## Applications




From the delayed lighting of driveways (to avoid unneccessary on/off switching), to after-circulation of a pump (to build in some hysteresis, again to avoid continuous on/off switching) to the post-present ventilation of a meeting room.

## Features

- Devices with delay on (ON), delay off (OFF) and positive edge single shot (PS).
- User presettable prescaler and time.
- The loss-proof safety terminals are equipped with Pozidriv screws and have IP20 protection degree.


## Performance

|  |  | PLT + |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rated current (acc. IEC 669-2-3) |  | A | 16 |
| Width (number of DIN-modules) |  |  | 1 |
| Contacts | Changeover |  | 1 |
|  | Static input |  | - |
| Time range | 1 function |  | 1s/60mn |
|  | Multifunction |  | 0.1s. / 20h. |
| Supply voltage | 230/240V - 50/60Hz |  | yes |
|  | 24VAC / 24VDC |  | yes |
| Supply voltage range (in \% of Un) |  | \% | 90-110 |
| Rated power consumption |  |  |  |
| Closed circuit current | 230V | VA | 1.5 |
|  | 24V | VA | 0.2 |
| Working current(ignition \& running) | 230 V | VA | 4.0 |
|  | 24V | VA | 2.0 |
| Light types |  |  |  |
| Incandescent lamps |  |  | yes |
| Fluorescent lamps |  |  | yes |
| Switching capacity |  |  |  |
| AC-5b Incandescent lamps (40 to 200 W lamps) |  | W | 2300 |
| Fluorescence compensated ( $\cos \varphi=0.9)$ |  |  |  |
|  | Serial compensation | W | 2300 |
|  | Parallel compensation | VA | 1000 |
| Inductive load $\cos \varphi=0.5$ | - |  | 10A |
|  | Load AC-7b | W | 900 |
| Lifetime (in number of operations) ${ }^{(1)}$ |  |  |  |
| Electrical (AC-1) | at 1,200W |  | $2 \times 10^{6}$ |
|  | at full load |  | $3 \times 10^{5}$ |
| Mechanical |  |  | $1 \times 10^{7}$ |
| General specifications |  |  |  |
| DIN rail mounting |  |  | yes |
| Silent operations |  |  | yes |
| Setting accuracy - Full range |  | \% | +/-15 |
| Continuously adjustable time-lag |  |  | yes |
| Front switch-off lever |  |  | no |
| Clamping screw terminals, unlosable screws |  |  | yes |
| Cable cross section ( $\varnothing$ min/max) | Coil | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $1.5 / 10$ |
|  | Load | $\mathrm{mm}^{2}$ | $1.5 / 10$ |
| Maximum torque on terminals |  | Nx m | 1 |
| Ambient temperature at installation point (min./max.) |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-20 /+45$ |

[^1]
## Time relays



|  | 11 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 12 |  |
| ${ }^{2}$ |  |
|  |  |
| $1 /$ |  |
| , |  |
| 1 |  |
| S2 |  |
|  | N |



## Digital time switches

## Applications



Going from the pre-programmed switching of lighting (car park, advertising signs, public roads, etc.) over pre-programmed switching of heating equipment (home and work environment, water heating, etc.) to the pre-programmed switching of motors for pumps and fans and even to random presence simulation.

## Features

Very easy programming, with quasi unlimited possibilities compared to the analogue time switches. Devices with daily/weekly event programming possibilities are available in 1 channel execution. All devices have a shortest switching time of one minute and are all internally quartz-synchronized. On the devices, the summer/winter time change is fully automatic. Devices with free weekday blockprogramming, holiday function are available. Manual ON or OFF override is possible at all times and all devices are sealable.

## Standards

BS EN-60730-1, BS EN-60730-2-7, VDE 0633

## Performance

| Contacts | GD - 7-70/1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Contact | Voltage-free changeover |
| Rated switching capacity |  |
| - Resistive load | 16A/250V |
| - Inductive load ( $\cos \varphi=0.6$ ) | 10A/250V |
| - Incandescent lamps | 2600W |
| Fluorescent uncorrected / serial corrected | 1000VA |
| - Halogen lamp load | 2600W |
| - Compact fluorescent lamp | $22 \times 7 \mathrm{~W}, 18 \times 11 \mathrm{~W}, 16 \times 15 \mathrm{~W}, 16 \times 20 \mathrm{~W}, 14 \times 23 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| - Energy saving lamps | $37 \times 7 \mathrm{~W}, 30 \times 11 \mathrm{~W}, 26 \times 15 \mathrm{~W}, 26 \times 20 \mathrm{~W}, 11 \times 23 \mathrm{~W}$ |
| Minimum switching load | 3000 mW |
| DC switching capacity | $800 \mathrm{~mA} / 300 \mathrm{~mA} / 150 \mathrm{~mA}$ |
| Shortest switching time | 1 min . |
| Screws | Pozidriv 1 |
| Terminal capacity | $1 \times 4 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Clockwork |  |
| Operating voltage | 110V-230VAC |
| Own consumption at 230 V | 1VA |
| Running reserve (at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | 3 years at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Battery type | CR2032 |
| Operating temperature range | $-25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Accuracy | $\pm 0.5 \mathrm{~s} . /$ day at $20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Sealable and unloosable cover | yes |

Digital time switches

| Day/Week programmable | Program | No. of channels | Switching capacity | Operating voltage | Running reserve | Shortest switching time | No.of prog. steps | No. of mod. | Cat. No. | Ref. No. | Pack. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $7 \times 24 h$ | 1 CO | 16A/250V | 110...230V | 3 years | 1 min . | 70 | 2 | GD-7-70/1 AEG | 666350 | 1 |
|  | - Display lighting <br> - PIN-code <br> - Hour counter with service function <br> - 12/24h time setting <br> - Weekly and holiday program (ON/OFF) <br> - Free weekdays block formation <br> - Summer/winter time changeover: auto/free selectable/OFF <br> - Manual switch: auto/override/fix ON-OFF <br> - Non-volatile memory (EEPROM) <br> - Easy battery replacement (from top side) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Dimensional drawings



## Standards

VDE 0632, VDE 0633,
BS EN 60669-1

## Light sensitive switches

## Applications



Control of lighting in shop windows, offices, car parking areas, controlling street lights, advertising signs, sun blinds, shutters, or even lighting in a home to simulate the presence of people.

## Features

User presettable switch light intensity, intensity range and hysteresis (to avoid on/off a stable behavior). 1 channel with separate photocell is available besides a 1 channel all-in-one device.

## Function

Electronic switch controlled by the intensity of the ambient light, detected by a separate or integrated photocell (depending on the model). When the light intensity drops below the threshold setting, the switch changes its state to the on position. An increasing ambient light intensity eventually will switch off the device again.

## Performance

|  | 1 channel GDS | GDSW |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Contacts |  |  |
| Contact | 1 make contact NO | 1 make contact NO |
| Switching capacity |  |  |
| - Resistive load | 16A/250V | 10A/250V |
| - Inductive load ( $\cos \varphi=0.6)$ | 8A/250V | 2A/250V |
| - Incandescent lamps | 2000W | 1200W |
| Switching capacity | 800 mA at $24 \mathrm{~V}, 300 \mathrm{~mA}$ at 60 V ; 150 mA at 220 V | Not allowed |
| Shortest switching time | - | - |
| Screws | Pozidriv 1 | Slot head |
| Terminal capacity: min | $1 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| max | $1 \times 6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| Light sensitive operating part |  |  |
| Light intensity switching range | 2 ... 500 lux | 2 ... 2000 lux |
| Switching hysteresis |  |  |
| On/Off switching delay | $\begin{aligned} & 100 \mathrm{~s} . \text { On } \\ & 100 \mathrm{~s} . \text { Off } \end{aligned}$ | $20 . .120 \mathrm{sec}$. |
| Light sensitive sensor wire-length | max 100m | - |
| Light sensitive sensor protection degree | IP65 (sensor) | IP54 (complete device) |
| Operating voltage | 220/240V 50/60Hz | 220/240V 50/60Hz |
| Own consumption at 230V | 5VA | 6VA |
| Running reserve | - | - |
| Battery | - | - |
| Operating temperature range | $\begin{aligned} & -20 \ldots+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { (switch) } \\ & -30 \ldots+70^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { (sensor) } \end{aligned}$ | $-35 \ldots+60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Sealable | yes | - |
| Screws | Pozidriv 1 | Slot head |
| Terminal capacity: min | $1 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 0.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| max | $1 \times 6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $2 \times 2.5 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |

Light sensitive switches


## Dimensions

Light sensitive switches


Photocell


Light sensitive switches wall mounted



## Standards

IEC 61558-1-2-6: Safety transformer IEC 61558-1-2-8: Bell transformer

## Transformers

## Applications



Going from supplying power to a bell circuit, to supplying power to the control circuit of impulse switches, relays or contactors for the control of lighting, heating, etc.

## Features

Safety transformers have short-circuit protection and continuous nominal power. Bell transformers are recommended for intermittent use at the nominal power declared ( $50 \%$ for continuous use). Full power available at all secondary voltages. The safety terminals are equipped with captive Pozidriv screws and have IP20 protection degree.

## Function

Reducing the voltage to a very low (safety) voltage used mainly as control-voltage in order to reduce the risk of electrocution due to environmental circumstances (l.e. high degree of humidity like outdoors, in a swimming pool complex, etc.).

Performance

|  | Bell transformer | Safety transformer |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nominal primary voltage and frequency | $230 \mathrm{~V} 50 \mathrm{~Hz} / 240 \mathrm{~V} 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $230 \mathrm{~V} 50 \mathrm{~Hz} / 240 \mathrm{~V} 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Secondary voltage at nominal primary voltage | 8 or 12V | 12 or 24 V |
| Maximum secondary voltage at zero load | 1.5 XUn sec . | $1.05 x$ Un sec. |
| Minimum secondary voltage at nominal load | $0.85 x$ Un sec. | $1 \mathrm{xUn} \mathrm{sec}$. |
| Maximum load | Nominal power | Nominal power |
| Short-circuit protection | PTC ${ }^{(1)}$ | PTC |
| Operating temperature | $-20 \ldots+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-20 . .+40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Isolation voltage | 4kV | 4kV |
| Protection degree | IP 20 | IP 20 |
| Screw | Pozidriv 1 | Pozidriv 1 |
| Terminal capacity: min | $1 \times 1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 1 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| max | $1 \times 16 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $2 \times 6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $1 \times 16 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ or $2 \times 6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |

[^2]Transformers


## Bell transformers



Safety transformers



## Function

Measurement, visualisation and logging of voltage, current, frequency, hours of operation.

## Standards

EN 61010-1, BS EN 60051-1-2

## Measurement instruments

## Applications




Measurement of basic electrical values as voltage, current, frequency. To avoid down-time due to abnormal situations, i.e. power-supply voltage too high, absorbed power too high, etc., leading to malfunctionning and even break-down of the machinery, the measurement and monitoring of the electrical values like voltage, current, frequency, etc. is an absolute must and even an indespensable asset when it comes to preventive maintenance.

## Features

- AC measurement devices with analogue technology and readout are available.
- The devices (one measurement only i.e. voltage, current, frequency) are only available in single phase.
- High currents can be measured through the intermediate use of a current transformer (for the analogue amp-meter combined with an interchangeable scale-plate).
- All devices have very good precision and have also a very low self-consumption to limit as much as possible the measurement error.
- Using one monophase-volt or amp-meter in a 3-phase system is possible by using the appropriate selector switch.


## Performance



Analogue measurement instruments



## Standards

Protection of an electrical installation and all electrical and electronic devices connected to this installation against destructive surges. Such voltage surges can be generated by lighting induced currents, by network polluting devices such a motors, frequency converters, dimmers, etc.., and by power supply networks switching operations.

## Standards

NF C61-740
IEC 61643-I
IEC 61643-II
BS 6651
DIN VDE 0675-6

## Marking

C

## Surge arresters

ASA BLOCK
ASA PLUG-IN
ASA PHOT
ASA TELE OV

## Applications



ASA BLOCK, ASA PLUGIN and ASA PHOT surge arresters cover the protection of home appliances (TV, Hifi, VCR, laundry-machine, dishwasher...), commercial building equipment (computer, data networks, intrusion and alarm systems, access control and building automation systems), industrial equiment (PLC, instrumentation, medical apparatus, monitoring devices) and even the protection of entire off-shore drilling platforms.

## Features

- AEG family of surge arresters includes a full range of compact protectors for installation on DIN rail.
- The range is specially designed to provide complete and effective protection against surges, protecting equipment and property connected to the low-voltage network.
- The range includes Class I/B 35 kA to 10 kA surge arresters in $10 / 350 \mathrm{~ms}$ wave form, and Class II/C surge arresters with different discharge capacities: 40 kA and 100 kA in wave form $8 / 20 \mathrm{~ms}$.
Class 2 SPD's for DC photovoltaic applications are also available.
- The most suitable value will be selected according to the type of installation, premises and equipments to be protected.
- Several different formats one-pole, single-phase, two-phase and three-phase available for all types of electrical net systems: TT, TN-S, TN-C, IT.
- Additionally, a complete line for temporary overvoltage (TOV) is included in this range. TOV is a voltage peak of hundreds of volts for an indeterminate period due to the unbalance of the network (normally caused by neutral fault).


## Applications

## Impulse current (limp)

This is the peak current that the SPD can withstand without failing. The waveform of the applied current is normalised as $10 / 350 \mu \mathrm{~s}$.
Used in Class 1 SPD.

## Maximum discharge current (Imax)

This is the peak current it can withstand in a single pulse without failing. The waveform of the applied current is normalised as $8 / 20 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. Used in Class 2 SPD.

## Nominal discharge current (In)

This is the current that the device is capable of shunting to ground at least 20 times without failing.

## Level of protection (Up)

This is the parameter that characterises the action of the protection device against surges by limiting the voltage between its terminals. It must be less than the surge withstand capacity given by the category of the equipment to be protected. However, if the protector is far from the equipment to be protected it may be necessary to use additional protectors.

Maximum continuous operating voltage Umax (Uc)
This is the maximum AC or DC voltage which may be continuously applied to the terminals of the SPD.

Performance

|  | ASA BLOCK I | ASA BLOCK I\&II | ASA PLUG-IN II single phase | ASA BLOCK II multi-phase |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Energy impulse wave | 10/350 ${ }^{\text {s }}$ | 10/350 $\mu$ s and $8 / 20 \mu$ s | 8/20 ${ }^{\text {s }}$ | 8/20 ${ }^{\text {s }}$ |
| Response time | <100ns | <100ns | $<25 n s$ | $<25 n s$ |
| Thermal fuse | - | yes | yes | yes |
| Thermal fuse healty indication | - | Indicator flag window | Indicator flag window | Indicator flag window |
| Nominal voltage | 230 V or 400V | 230 V or 400V | 230 V or 400V | 230 V or 400V |
| Frequency | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| Useable in network | TT, TN-S, TT, IT | TT, TN-S, TT, IT | TT, TN-S, TT, IT | TT, TN-S |
| Operating temperature | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \ldots+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Screws | Pozidriv 3 | Pozidriv 3 | Pozidriv 3 | Pozidriv 3 |
| Terminal capacity: min | $6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | $6 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ |
| max (flexible/rigid) | $35 / 50 \mathrm{~mm}^{2}$ | 25/35mm ${ }^{2}$ | 25/50mm ${ }^{2}$ | 25/35mm ${ }^{2}$ |

## Connection scheme Tele OV



4P ASA TOV protection


## SA BLOCK - SA PLUG-IN / Surge arresters

These surge arresters have the capacity to divert excess energy for low-voltage line protection.
Class I/B Class I surge arresters should be installed in areas at high risk from direct lightning strike discharge. Single phase




The ASA BLOCK I\&II can operate as a Class I and Class II protection in accordance with the IEC 61643-11, Class I/B and Class II/C integrated in only one device. Used in main panelboards (incomer of installations) with high risk from direct lightning strike discharge.
Class I/B and II/C
Not needed decoupling coils and class II downstream SA BLOCK I\&II in the main panelboard.

D


The Class II


Special applications

| Class II/C protection for (DC) Photovoltaic applications | Imax | In | Up | $\underset{(\mathrm{L}-\mathrm{N})}{\mathrm{Up}_{\mathrm{t}}}$ | $\mathrm{Up}_{(\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{EP})}$ | Umax (Uc) | No. of poles | Aux. contact | No. of modules | Cat. No. | Ref. No. | Pack. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 701 | 40kA | 15kA | 2600 V | - | - | 600Vdc | 2 P | - | 2 | ASA PHOT 600V | 667536 | 1 |
|  | 40kA | 15kA | 3800 V | - | - | 1000 Vdc | 2 P | - | 2 | ASA PHOT T 1000 V | 667537 | 1 |
|  | Accessories |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class II - Replacement modules for plug-in versions | Imax | In | Up | $\underset{(\mathrm{L}-\mathrm{N})}{\mathrm{Up}}$ | $\underset{(N-E P)}{\text { Up }^{2}}$ | Umax (Uc) | No. of poles | Aux. contact | No. of modules | Cat. No. | Ref. No. | Pack. |
| TT, TN-S, TN-C, IT | 40kA | 20kA | - | 1200V | - | 280 V | 1 P | - | 1 | ASA MODULE 40/230 | 667533 | 1 |
|  | 40kA | 20kA | - | 1300 V | - | 440 V | 1 P | - | 1 | ASA MODULE 40/400 | 667534 | 1 |
|  | 60kA | 20kA | - | 1500V | - | 255 V | 1 P | - | 1 | ASA MODULE 60 NGND | 667535 | 1 |
|  | To be used between class I/B and class II/C if these arresters are placed in the same panelboard. We can save it if we use ASA BLOCK I\&II. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Imax | In | Up | $\underset{(\mathrm{L}-\mathrm{N})}{\mathrm{Up}_{1}}$ | $\underset{(N-E P)}{\text { Up }^{2}}$ | Umax (Uc) | No. of poles | Aux. contact | No. of modules | Cat. No. | Ref. No. | Pack. |
|  | - | 35 A | - | - | - | - | 1 P | - | 2 | ASA C35 | 667525 | 1 |
|  | ASA TELE OV - Temporally Overvoltage (ATOV) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Protection against permanent overvoltage | Imax | In | Up | $\underset{(\mathrm{L}-\mathrm{N})}{\mathrm{Up}}$ | $\underset{(N-E P)}{\text { Up }^{\prime}}$ | Umax (Uc) | No. of poles | Aux. contact | No. of modules | Cat. No. | Ref. No. | Pack. |
|  | - | mcb | 254 V | $<4 \mathrm{sec}$. | $<0.5 \mathrm{sec}$. | 230 V | 2 | - | 1 | ATELE OV 230 | 667538 | 1 |
|  | - | mcb | 254V | $<4 \mathrm{sec}$. | $<0.5 \mathrm{sec}$. | 400 V | 4 | - | 2 | ATELE OV 400 | 667539 | 1 |

## Surge arresters

ASA BLOCK, ASA PHOT x 2 MODULES, ASA C


ASA BLOCK II 15 LN


Plug-in types ASA C


ASA TELE OV - Overvoltage protection


# HabiTEO ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ Home and Building Automation 

The growing recognition of the fact that buildings consume $40 \%$ of total energy used and are responsible for $36 \%$ of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ emissions in the European Union, places ever increasing emphasis on improving energy efficiency in buildings.

Development of innovative technologies offers new possibilities to upgrade electrical installations - the heart of every building. This area holds great potential for designing properties with greater flexibility, energy saving and additional comfort without compromising lifestyle.

HabiTEQ ${ }^{\text {M }}$ hybrid automation system combines wired and wireless control technologies to enable energy efficiency improvements: optimize the regulation of energy used by heating, lighting, ventilation, and building electrical infrastructure and further increases energy awareness through consumption reporting.

## - Energy management <br> - Flexibility and comfort

- Installation simplified


## Shaping the future with HabiTEQ™ wireless

Advancement in wireless technology has transformed communications ranging from indispensible devices like mobile phone and Wifi PC networks to highly reliable aircraft communication and navigation systems impacting everyday life.

Emerging standards and advances in wireless technology have made it possible to deploy wireless solutions in building automation networks.

Wireless sensing gives you economical control and optimum comfort in areas that are frequently re-configured, or where hardwiring is challenging or simply not possible.

The wireless technology is ideal for minimizing the impact on existing building installations and decorative surfaces, or for controlling large, open spaces or structures with brick or concrete walls.

Wireless technology offers unlimited flexibility for new installations.


## HabiTEQ TM wireless



[^3]
## Dimensions

## Mains alisconnect switches



## Switches



Switches with signal lamp




[^0]:    (1) cycle $=2$ operations per pole (closing + opening)

[^1]:    (1) cycle $=2$ operations per pole (closing + opening)

[^2]:    (1) Except 666999 - protection by construction

[^3]:    For more information, please contact us.

